

Crowded to the Doors

ALMOST A PANIC AT

The Arcade Store, Barre, Vt.

Our going out of business sale is the talk of the town. Never in the history of Barre has there been a like merchandising event and perhaps this city will never see such scenes as the frantic buyer trying to get their share of the wonderful bargains last Saturday which were waiting for them. Hundreds of Barre's people and from the surrounding towns came last Saturday here and purchased, and we did not hear an unfavorable comment. Everything at prices as advertised so everybody was satisfied. Kindly remember that this sale is not going to last very long, neither will the merchandise if it keeps on selling as brisk as it did last Saturday. Our \$45,000.00 stock of merchandise must be sold at once. We must vacate shortly in order to give the party possession that has rented our store. You can come here with the expectation of getting the greatest values ever offered to you and you will not be disappointed. Look for large red sign over our building.

THE ARCADE DEPARTMENT STORE,

Corner Main and Pearl Streets, - - Barre, Vermont.

Be Sure To Come To the Right Place

A STANDARD OIL JOKER

A Duty on Petroleum Products in Payne Bill

BILL REPORTED TO SENATE

Talk of Recalling It to Correct the Wording—Senate Tariff Bill Ready for Whole Committee—Senate Passes Census Bill.

Washington, April 12.—Now there has been discovered a joker in the amendment voted by the House on Friday putting petroleum, crude and refined, on the free list, for the freshly printed bill was discovered Saturday not to include on the free list "the products of petroleum," and of necessity, so far as the House Payne bill is concerned, the products are seemingly subject to a duty of 20 per cent. Thus does Standard Oil flourish after all in the bill, for it is a larger producer of the products of petroleum, axle grease, for instance. When members of the House heard of the omission they were astonished for they supposed, as they said, that they had voted to include the products of petroleum in the free list as well as petroleum crude and refined. The congressional record clearly shows that that was the intention of the House in the committee of the whole. But the record also shows that in the record vote on the amendment the amendment simply struck out the word "petroleum," which included the word "products" or its products. The words were not inserted in the paragraph putting oil on the free list, so as to include the products of petroleum. Mr. Burton, just before the vote, called attention to the omission but Mr. Payne, strangely enough, said the matter had not been under discussion in the committee of the whole, and so the curtailed amendment went through by aid of the speaker. Representative Hill says the country must now look to the Senate to include the products of oil as well as petroleum, crude and refined, on the free list.

Mr. Payne Saturday night when asked to explain is quoted as saying: "The amendment passed just as Mr. Cannon and I wanted it to pass." No further comment seems necessary. There is even talk of the House recalling the bill from the Senate on Monday and working the bill so that it shall literally express the intent of the House on the amendment.

The House bill was reported to the Senate Saturday and immediately referred to the finance committee. This committee is still laboring over its own bill along lines heretofore indicated. The bill is not to be reported to the Senate until Wednesday if it is now said. Letters have been received from Massachusetts oil men protesting against putting oil on the free list. They assert the action of the House is a distinct advantage in behalf of the Standard Oil company and a death blow to small independent dealers.

Speaker Cannon and Chairman Payne and other House leaders called at the White House Saturday night to receive any felicitations Mr. Taft might offer. And they were not disappointed. Mr. Taft's smile is no respecter of persons. It is known, however, that he has some mental reservations which he expects to see incorporated in the Senate bill, and they affect gloves and hosiery, so that they shall not be taxed as heavily as Mr. Payne has arranged.

The Senate passed the census bill, but not until after its provisions had been minutely inspected and fluently debated.

MANY CHANGES IN PAYNE BILL.

Hides, Rails, Pulp and Petroleum Still to Be Provided For

Washington, April 12.—The Senate tariff bill, so far as rates are concerned, was completed Saturday night, but it was decided that in making a report Chairman Aldrich will announce a reservation on certain important schedules for future action. These reservations will include hides, steel rails, wood pulp and crude petroleum. Chairman Aldrich asserted last night that the Senate committee had made a more general revision of rates than was done by the House committee on ways and means, and that reductions in schedules had been made on a far greater number of articles. This did not mean that there would be a reduction of revenues, but that there would be recommended a bona fide revision downward on the tariff. The great number of changes that will be recommended are due largely to the fact that while the Payne bill revised rates on certain basic articles the revision did not extend to related articles. For instance, lead ore was reduced in the Payne bill and the several manufacturers of lead ore remain unchanged. The Senate committee made general reduction on the unworked material. Similar changes were made in many other schedules, which will account for his many amendments that will be presented in the Senate.

After a long discussion of the rate of bituminous coal, the Senate committee yesterday, decided to recommend a reduction from 67 cents to 40 cents a ton, in view of the action of the committee Friday in striking out the reciprocity clause. The Payne bill includes slack or culm coal at the same rate as was fixed for bituminous coal, increasing the duty on the product from 15 cents to 67 cents. The Senate committee has decided to restore the Dingley rate of 15 cents a ton.

Protests made by heavy importers of gloves and hosiery against the increase made by the Payne bill, added to by the position taken by hundreds of women throughout the country, induced the Senate committee to agree to recommend the continuance of the Dingley rates. The existing rates on woollens, which were materially decreased by the Payne bill, will be recommended by the Senate committee. Specific duties will be recommended throughout on silks of all kinds, the specific duty being a trifle above the combined and valorem and specific duties now collected under the Dingley act. This action is taken in order to meet the probable severe competition with Japan silks, which every year are coming in in larger quantities.

The demand for protection for long staple cotton, which comes into competition with Egyptian cotton used in the

WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—MRS. CHAS. BARCLAY, R.F.D. Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

manufacture of mercerized silk goods, has been denied by the Senate committee. This action was taken on the ground that the long staple cotton raised on the sea islands of South Carolina and Florida now brings a high price in the American market, and for the further reason that it would be difficult not to give like protection to cotton raised in certain parts of Texas and Mississippi, which is of comparatively long staple.

BOSTON BAR ETHICS BAN OLD PRACTICES

For Instance, a Lawyer Must Not Assert Personal Belief in His Client's Innocence.

Boston, April 12.—Canons of professional ethics were adopted by the Boston Bar association Saturday. In these it is declared that in the selection of judges it is the duty of the bar to endeavor to prevent political consideration from outweighing judicial fitness. Attempts by lawyers to exert personal influence on the are to be avoided.

It is declared unprofessional for a lawyer to represent conflicting interests except by express consent of all concerned.

Contingent fees with a poor client with a meritorious case may be contracted for, but it is declared improper for counsel to fix the contingent fee on the basis of a fractional part or per cent. of the amount he shall recover for the client, as this tends to promote litigation and degrade the profession to a money getting trade.

The lawyer must obey his own conscience, not that of his client's.

A lawyer should not assert in argument his personal belief in the innocence of his client, the truthfulness or untruthfulness of a witness, or the justice of his cause.

All attempts to curry favor with juries by flattery,attery, or pretended solicitude for their comfort are unprofessional. Suggestions of counsel for the comfort of the jury should be made privately to the court.

LANDIS TO BECOME EDITOR.

Former Congressman Knows Nothing of His Appointment to Porto Rico.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 10.—Charles B. Landis, former member of Congress from the 8th district, declared Thursday night that if he was to be appointed governor of Porto Rico he did not know it. "I have received absolutely no information," he said, "except what I read in the newspapers."

Notwithstanding the gossip concerning Porto Rico Mr. Landis is preparing to move to become a country editor. He will resume the editorship of the Delphi Journal and will divide his time between his newspaper office and his farm near Delphi. He will revive the "Man on the Corner" feature of the paper which used to delight so many of its subscribers.

Lincoln's Rule For Living

"Do not worry, eat three square meals a day, say your prayers, be courteous to your creditors, keep your digestion good, exercise, go slow and go easy. Maybe there are other things that your special case requires to make you happy, but my friend, these, I reckon, will give you a good lift."

Follow Lincoln's words of wisdom and keep your digestion good. When you have dyspepsia, indigestion or any form of stomach trouble you can eat what you want and eat heartily if you take Kodol. Starvation seems a strange remedy for any disease; yet starvation by vigorous diet was once generally resorted to in case of indigestion or other stomach trouble. Even yet it is sometimes tried. Such a remedy is worse than useless.

WANT CLADIA AS A WITNESS.

Dis. Atty. Dewitt in Boston to Get Statement from Wife of Annie's Slayer.

New York, April 12.—In a sudden and unexpected move Saturday, District Attorney Dewitt of Queens county, accompanied by Policeman Butler, started for Boston to ascertain what testimony could be obtained by the prosecution from Mrs. Claudia Libbey Hains, at the trial of her husband, Captain Peter C. Hains, accused of the murder of William E. Annis at the Bay Side Yacht club last August.

Mr. Dewitt will go over the case with Mrs. Hains, it is said, and try to get her to come here this week, ready to appear when Captain Hains's trial opens at Flushing one week from to-day.

Mr. Dewitt said before leaving that he would have before him on Monday all witnesses for the prosecution.

He said that he expected the trial of Captain Hains to begin one week from to-day. He knew of no more, as rumored, to have an inquiry instituted into the mental condition of the defendant prior to the date set for the trial.

Despite Mr. Dewitt's statements, counsel for Captain Hains are said to see in the prosecuting attorney's move a scheme to have a lunacy commission appointed. It is said that Mr. McIntyre is not at all averse to letting the matter take this course, as he had expressed an opinion that his client is of unsound mind.

FOR THORAX OPERATIONS.

New Appliance Tested Successfully on Boy in New York.

New York, April 10.—The first operation in this country upon a human being in which the cavity of the thorax was opened while the lungs were inflated from a chamber containing air at a greater pressure than that of the atmosphere was performed at the German Hospital by Dr. Willy Meyer. The operation upon a little boy for emphysema thus far is deemed to have been successful.

It is believed that the use of this apparatus will open up a wide field in surgery of the thorax. Up to this time many operations in the thorax have been difficult to perform, and others impossible, owing to the fact that as soon as the cavity of the thorax was opened the atmospheric pressure collapsed the lungs and breathing stopped.

The apparatus consists of two chambers with a door from the smaller chamber to the outer air. The chambers are lined with rubber. To them run air pipes and valves from a compressor run by a motor.

The operating table is arranged so that the patient lies outside the main chamber with his head within it. Rubber about the neck of the patient keeps the air within the chamber from escaping. The front of the larger chamber is of glass, which allows the surgeons to see within it. Within the larger chamber, when an operation is performed, are two anaesthetists, who administer the ether. The smaller chamber is for their convenience.

HOLDS TAILOR TO BLAME.

Coroner Renders Verdict on Deaths of Farmer and Wife.

Toledo, April 10.—Coroner C. J. Hensler yesterday rendered his verdict in the Krueger murder case, holding Michael Sobolewski, a tailor, responsible for the deaths of a farmer and his wife, Augustus, whose bodies were found buried in the cellar of their home after it had been destroyed by fire the morning of April 1.

Sobolewski says he had purchased the Krueger farm, west of Toledo, and that he visited the Kruegers the evening of March 30. The coroner's verdict is that the farmer and his wife were killed between 5 and 7 o'clock that night. They had been stabbed to death. The bodies were buried beneath the brick floor of the cellar. The house was burned on Thursday morning, nearly 36 hours after the time the murder is believed to have been committed.

W. S. Roman of Cleveland, state fire marshal, has taken personal charge in the investigation.

20 HURT BY EXPLOSION.

Fishermen Had Stored Dynamite in a House Near St. Peter's, Rome.

Rome, April 10.—An explosion occurred yesterday in a four-story house on Borgo Pio street, near St. Peter's. Twenty persons were injured, some severely, and a portion of the building was destroyed. All four floors collapsed. It is thought that some dynamite stored in the house by fishermen exploded accidentally.

The explosion was followed by a fire, but the flames were quickly extinguished by firemen and soldiers. The mayor of Rome and the prefect quickly hurried to the scene. The injured were removed to hospitals.

Referred to Lost Article Department, Bridget, who had administered the culinary affairs of the Morse household for many years was sometimes known to her mistress and loyalty to the small son of the house.

"Bridget," said Mrs. Morse in a tone of wonder after an inspection of her storehouse, "where have those splendid red apples gone that the man brought yesterday—those four big ones?" "Well, now me own," said poor Bridget, "I couldn't rightly say but I'm thinking if you was to find where my loaf of gingerbread is, I'd know right on top of it, an' I'm only hoping that his little stomach can stand the strain."—Youth Companion.

THE SPECULATOR WHO WINS.

There is all the Difference Between the Man Who Speculates Where He Has Knowledge, and the One Who Gambles on a Basis of Wall Street Gossip.

Of the many popular delusions touching Wall Street and its people, none is more persistent or more dangerous to the outsider than the belief that from nothing great permanent fortunes have been made by shrewd and lucky speculation in prices. It isn't true. We differentiate here between speculation in prices—only, and the kind of legitimate speculation which seeks to anticipate great economic changes. Legitimate speculation has its translation into prices, too, but it takes, first, original capital in some reasonable proportion to the profits expected, and, secondly, the treatment of exceptional opportunity with correct imagination. Its risks at best are very large. Among our Wall Street acquaintances are several hard-headed men who average to make \$25,000 a year by speculation. Not one of them has a capital of less than \$250,000. They make it earn about 10 per cent.

Take Blank, one of the ablest speculators we know. He has made half a million dollars during the past five years. Very handsome return, you say. Let us look at Blank: He was the chief accountant of one of the big railway systems when an uncle, dying, left him \$20,000. Mind you, he was an expert railway statistician, and an exceptional able young man to boot. He knew his own road like a book, as well as some

other things that only the directors were aware of. The stock of the system looked cheap to him, and he used his \$20,000 to margin 4,000 shares. A bull market was beginning, and within a month or two Blank's capital had increased to \$50,000. He was content with a 10-point rise, though the stock advanced 10 points more. That was the first of Blank's deals. Twelve months later he won again. He thought that the stock of a certain Western system was selling below its value, and set about an investigation to find the facts. He hired a first-class engineer and a retired traffic manager to travel from one end of that railroad to the other, and he himself analyzed the accounts. When all the reports were in, it seemed to him the system was earning enough money to justify an increase of its dividends, and he plunged once more. He waited six months for his profit this time, and his investigation had cost him \$5,000. He made \$50,000. Good interest, you say; but think of Blank's special equipment for the game and the trouble he took to be right. You, Mr. Thimmarginist, after reading the Wall Street gossip in your daily paper, adventure your thousand or two thousand dollars and expect to double your money. Mark the difference—John Farr, in the April Everybody's.



Out in Reno.

[Since Sioux Falls has ceased to offer inducements to people who want quick divorces New York society people are going for relief to Reno, Nev.] They are starting boarding houses by the dozen.

Out in Reno: They'll accommodate your sister, aunt, or cousin.

Out in Reno: If your husband is inclined to treat you coolly, if he stays out late at night or is unruly, you can shake him without suffering unduly.

Out in Reno: You will merely have to take a year's vacation.

Out in Reno: To secure the sweet and longed-for separation—

Out in Reno: Reno's far away from Rector's and from Sherry's; it has neither subways, taxicabs nor ferries.

Out in Reno: But they serve drinks primed with olives and with cherries—

Out in Reno: They have brushed things up and eagerly await you.

Out in Reno: Make your wishes known and they'll accommodate you.

Out in Reno: Sioux Falls no longer wishes to receive you.

Out in Reno: But don't let that discourage you or grieve you.

Out in Reno: They've arrangements all completed to relieve you.

Out in Reno. —Chicago Record-Herald

Not to be Joked.

Lieut. Frank Lahm was discussing the paper on military ceremonies that he had read before the Pennsylvania National Guard Association at Harrisburg.

"This science," said Lieut. Lahm, "is only just beginning to receive from the army the attention it deserves. All wars are long will be fought in the air, but the mass of our fighters still remain in the matter of aerodynamics, assignment as well as the young grocer from the country."

"A young country chap once got a job in a city grocery. He was very cautious in his new berth—they had told him at home that the city people would try to joke him because he was green. He kept a sharp lookout accordingly for joshers. 'I want some bird seed, please,' she said."

"The new clerk sneered and answered scornfully: 'No, ye don't, lady. Ye can't josh me, birds grow from eggs, not seeds.'"

—Chicago Journal.

Never Seen in New York.

They were talking of the strange sights to be seen in a great city, and one man paid his tribute to New York: "I don't believe one of you could think of any combination of circumstances that hasn't at some time occurred on the streets there," he said.

"I reckon I know of one that's never occurred there," said Hiram Fowle. "What's that?" asked the other curiously. "I guess," said Hiram slowly, "that you've never seen, or ever will see, a brass band going in one direction, and the heft of folks going the other."

40 Years of Success

For over 40 years Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines have kept the lead and still stand in the front rank as curative agents.

They are little advertised now, as compared with many others, resting, as they do for popularity upon their many years of marvelous cures and the grateful friends they have made.

ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS

They must know of many cures of bad cases of Female Weakness and Kindred Ailments of Women due to the use of

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

It's the only advertised medicine for woman's ills which contains neither alcohol (which to most women is worse than rankst poison) nor habit-forming, or injurious drugs and the makers of which are not afraid to print all its ingredients on its outside wrapper. Is that not significant?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Is equally renowned for its many cures of Stomach Weakness, Indigestion, Torpid, or Lazy, Liver and kindred derangements, as well as for Blood and Skin affections. In many ailments of women the combined use of these two medicines is advised.

It's only a dishonest dealer, here and there, that will attempt to persuade you to accept a secret nostrum in place of these time-proven remedies of KNOWN COMPOSITION. Resist the insult to your intelligence and trade elsewhere.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Behind Dr. Pierce's Medicines stands the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, thoroughly equipped and with a Staff of Skilled Specialists to treat the more difficult cases of Chronic diseases whether requiring Medical or Surgical skill for their cure. Write for free INVALIDS' GUIDE BOOK.